

Abbeville Press and Banner

Established 1844. \$2.00 Year. Tri-Weekly

Abbeville, S. C., Friday, August 18, 1922

Single Copies, Five Cents. 78th Year.

COTTON CONSUMED SHOWS FALLING OFF

1921 PRODUCTION OF COTTON FAR LESS THAN CONSUMPTION—DIFFERENCE OF NEARLY TWO MILLION BALES IS SHOWN BY BUREAU'S REPORT

Washington, Aug. 17.—Cotton consumed during July amounted to 458,548 bales of lint, and 55,424 bales of linters, compared with 507,869 of lint and 53,385 of linters in June and 410,142 of lint and 50,944 of linters in July last year, the census bureau announced today.

Cotton on hand July 31 in consuming establishments amounted to 1,215,103 bales of lint and 134,597, of linters, compared with 1,332,383 of lint and 152,065 of linters so held on June 30 and 1,111,147 of lint and 201,353 of linters so held July 31 last year.

Cotton on hand July 31 in public storage and at compresses amounted to 1,488,083 bales of lint, and 54,587 bales of linters, compared with 1,936,025 of lint and 76,386 of linters so held June 30 and 3,723,213 of lint and 243,926 of linters so held July 31 last year.

Cotton imported amounted to 8,587 bales, compared with 12,662 bales in June and 3,452 in July last year.

Exports amounted to 373,742 bales, including 9,100 bales of linters, compared with 491,079, including 12,678 of linters in June and 598,952 bales including 3,700 of linters, in July last year.

Cotton spindles active during July numbered 31,975,269 compared with 31,877,015 in June and 32,371,013 in July last year.

Consumption of cotton in the United States during the cotton year August 1, 1921 to July 31, 1922—exceeded that of the year 1920-21 by more than a million bales but was half a million bales below, for the preceding year.

The United States consumption as 28.1 per cent of the world's production compared with 28.6 per cent for 1920-1921.

The carry-over of cotton on July 31 this year was 2,828,186 bales cotton with 6,436,010 bales a year ago and 3,566,162 bales two years ago.

Based on the average consumption for the last year the mill stocks, 1,215,103 bales, will meet the consumptive requirements of the domestic mills for ten weeks, the census bureau announced.

Statistics for the cotton year, August 1, 1921 to July 31, 1922, show an aggregate supply of 14,994,428 running bales, made up as follows:

Stock August 1, 1921, total 6,534,360 bales of which 1,111,147 were held in consuming establishments 3,723,213 in public storage and at compresses and 1,700,000 (estimate) elsewhere; ginnings 7,977,778 bales, imports 363,465 and quantity to balance distribution, 1,118,823 bales.

Washington, Aug. 17.—The world's production of commercial cotton, exclusive of linters, grown in 1921 was approximately 15,197,000 bales of 478 pounds of lint, while the consumption of cotton, exclusive of linters in the United States was approximately 16,914,000 bales. American consumption for the year was 5,911,914 bales, exclusive of linters, which was over a million bales more than consumed in the cotton year of 1921.

MAYOR'S COURT

There were two cases up before the Mayor this morning for disorderly conduct, receiving fines of \$50 and \$5.00 respectively. Three cases of beating the trains were fined \$5 each, and sentence suspended if the offenders would get out of town in thirty minutes. The three cases were white men from New York, making their way back North.

TARIFF MEASURE MOVING FORWARD

ONLY TWO IMPORTANT AMENDMENTS REMAIN—DEMOCRATS LOSE FIGHT TO REDUCE ALUMINUM RATES LED BY SENATOR DIAL

Washington, Aug. 17.—With two exceptions all important amendments to the administration tariff bill offered today by individual senators were approved by the senate. Senator Harrel (Republican) of Oklahoma lost his fight to impose tariffs on crude petroleum and fuel oil and Democrats were unsuccessful in efforts to reduce the rates on aluminum.

All remaining individual amendments will be acted upon before the senate recesses today. Senate leaders hope that after the final vote late Saturday the measure can be sent to conference immediately. Chairman McCumber and Senators Watson of Indiana and Curtis of Kansas (Republicans of the finance committee discussed this question with President Harding tonight at the White House. They said afterward that they hoped the bill could be ready for the president early in September.

The aluminum and oil questions furnished the high spots in the senate debate today. The name of Secretary Mellon was brought into the aluminum discussion as a large stock holder in what was declared to be the "aluminum trust," while a statement by Senator Harrel that he had some financial interest in it was followed by renewed debate as to whether senators should vote on duties which might favorably affect their properties.

By a vote of 35 to 19, the senate rejected an amendment by Senator Dial (Democrat) of South Carolina, to reduce the rate on crude aluminum from five cents to three cents a pound and to cut that on coils, plates, bars, rods, etc., from nine cents to five cents a pound.

DEATH OF JOHN U. WARDLAW

Prominent Farmer of Bellevue Section Died Yesterday.

John U. Wardlaw of the Bellevue section of McCormick County, and one of the prosperous planters of his section, died suddenly yesterday in the Opera House, while attending the meeting being addressed by state candidates. Mr. Wardlaw arrived in Abbeville about 10 o'clock, being accompanied by his brother-in-law, W. D. Morrah. He came especially to see his friend, Hon. Thos. G. McLeod, who was to be his guest last night. He chatted pleasantly with friends as he went into the meeting, and in one-half hour afterwards he had passed away.

Mr. Wardlaw was about 60 years of age. He was a member of a large family, his aged mother having died only a few weeks ago. He married in early life Miss Morrah, of the Troy section, settled on his farm, where he lived in a well advanced community in comfort, with all the conveniences of life about him. He has several children.

Mr. Wardlaw was a member of Lower Long Cane Associate Reformed Presbyterian Church for many years. The funeral services will be held at Troy Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

AT PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

The Rev. R. C. Grier, D. D., president of Erskine College, Due West, will preach in the Presbyterian church here next Sunday, morning and evening.

CAPT. SHAW PRESIDES

Capt. J. L. Perrin attended the campaign meeting in Lowndesville today. About 450 were present, and a pleasant meeting was had. Capt. Shaw presiding.

ABBEVILLE VOTERS HEAR STATE CANDIDATES

HERE YESTERDAY—SPEAKING HELD IN OPERA HOUSE AND WAS WELL ATTENDED, ABOUT 15,000 VOTERS BEING PRESENT—THE USUAL SPEECHES WERE MADE.

The state campaign meeting in Abbeville yesterday was well attended, about fifteen hundred people being present and of this number about 500 were women. Plans had been made to hold the meeting in the grove back of the Court House, but on account of the uncertain weather it was called to order in the Opera House about 11 o'clock. There was not standing room available for the crowd, and many stood on the outside during the speaking.

Hon. J. Howard Moore presided and introduced the speakers. The candidates for Governor spoke first. Cole L. Bleas was greeted with a rousing cheer. He had many friends in the audience and made a good speech. He declared himself in favor of good roads and good schools. He said all the tax commission had done was "to make liars of the people," and was not much in favor of the County Demonstration agents. He defended at length his pardon record, and had no apologies to make.

Mr. Bleas was followed by J. J. Cantey of Clarendon County. Mr. Cantey dwelt on Canteyism vs. Bleasism and the ten commandments. He claimed if the daily papers would only publish his speeches he would be elected Governor by an overwhelming majority on the 29th of August.

It was during the address of Mr. Cantey that Mr. John U. Wardlaw succumbed to a heart attack. He was in the gallery and the building was very warm and crowded. Drawing an audible breath he expired without a word. Dr. J. E. Pressly was present within a few minutes, but there was nothing that could be done. The incident cast a gloom over the meeting.

William H. Coleman of Union was the next speaker. He had a great deal to say about the "oligarchy." He said he had been at the head of a bank for 16 years and at the head of a manufacturing concern for 18 years, and felt convinced that he was the best qualified man in the race for the governorship.

John T. Duncan of Columbia went after the system. He says that no man can accuse him of being a "quitter." He used the word "peradventure" in his speech. This word is frequently used in the Book of Esdras, which by the way was ruled out of the Bible by the "system."

George K. Laney of Chesterfield spoke with a tragic delivery and exclaimed, "I will not be a pessimist." He said that he stood behind the state warehouse and good roads laws and any man that voted against him August the 29th would have to put his conscience to sleep first. He promised an "acute, energetic devotion to duty" if elected Governor.

Thomas G. McLeod was the last candidate to speak for Governor. He paid a tribute to his old friend, Gen. Robert R. Hemphill, now passed away, who he said was responsible for his knowledge of the history of Abbeville County. He believes in economy and efficiency in government and the cutting out of useless offices. He is a finished speaker and made a favorable impression.

The candidates for governor were followed by those for Lieutenant Governor. Mr. J. K. Owen, of Bennettsville was the first speaker and expressed himself as feeling very much at home in Abbeville, having had one of Abbeville's daughters as an assistant in his office for many years. He had reference to Miss Hattie Roche, who has since been promoted to one of the best positions in the State, and he now has with him Miss Gary Cheatham another Abbeville girl. He spoke at length of the handsome historical paintings in the National Bank, and ended with an account of a letter written by James H. Hammond of Columbia in

the interest of his opponent, Mr. E. B. Jackson of Aiken.

Mr. Owen was followed by E. C. L. Adams of Columbia. Mr. Adams says he was good enough to serve his people in France in time of war and he supposed he ought to be good enough to serve them at home in time of peace. Mr. Adams said: "I am in favor of good roads, lower taxes, fair play and a square deal, and I am opposed to over-burdening the business interests of this county."

E. B. Jackson was the last speaker of the Lieut. Governor contingent and began his talk with the assertion that he was the "conspirator" that his opponents had been talking about. He asked the audience to look at him and see if they didn't think he had an honest face. He then read the letter from Mr. Hammond in which it was claimed that it would be a good thing for the Citadel if Mr. Jackson should be elected. He claimed there was no "conspiracy" or desire to inject the Citadel into politics.

Next on the program came the candidates for the office of Superintendent of Education. There are four men and two women running for this office. O. D. Seay of Lexington, but for sometime connected with the Columbia schools, was the first speaker. Cecil H. Seigler, Superintendent of Education of Aiken County was the next. Mr. Seigler paid a glowing tribute to his wife, who was Miss Marie Cromer before her marriage. Mr. Seigler was followed by John E. Swearingen, the present superintendent, who handled his subjects with gloves off.

Mrs. E. B. Wallace, of Columbia, was the next speaker. She said her grandfather was J. A. Black and a senator from Abbeville County for years. She served in France during the war, and in schools in times of peace. When Senator Moore called time, Mrs. Wallace said the good people of Abbeville were about to see a woman "shut up" when she was told to. Which furnished a happy ending to her talk. As this was the first time a woman ever appeared in Abbeville as a candidate for a state office, unusual interest centered about the speaker.

Mrs. Bessie Drake Rogers gave a good talk. She spoke easily and cited the state of Montana as the most advanced state in the union in the way of education, and all of the offices on the educational line are filled with women.

Mr. J. H. Hope was the last speaker and defended himself against the attack of Mr. Swearingen who claimed that Ginn and Company were paying the campaign expenses of Mr. Hope.

Heavy showers fell during these talks and it was hard to hear the speakers.

W. Banks Dove and M. J. C. Dozier, who are candidates for the office of secretary of state were the next speakers and were unfortunate in having to contend with the showers and the dinner hour. They therefore made short talks stating briefly their platform, and asking the support of the people.

Geo. W. Wightman and B. Harris had a heated debate. They are candidates for the office of Commissioner of Agriculture. Mr. Harris declared his opponent Mr. Wightman, had fought everything "good, bad and indifferent" while a member of the senate, and Mr. Wightman offered to withdraw from the race if he could not prove Mr. Harris had been placing his O. K. on expense slips for \$4.50 a day for members of his department provided Mr. Harris would agree to withdraw if the charges were proven.

Messrs. Walter T. Duncan and T. Hagood Gooding were the last speakers of the day. They are candidates

FRENCH CABINET VOTES SUPPORT

STAND OF PREMIER POINCARÉ IS INDORSED.—REPARATIONS COMMISSION WILL TAKE UP MATTER OF MORATORIUM IN DUE COURSE.

Rambouillet, France, Aug. 17.—Sitting under the presidency of President Millerand the French cabinet at its session here today gave approval unanimously to the attitude taken by Premier Poincaré at the recent conference of allied premiers in London and also discussed the question of a moratorium for Germany.

On the matter of a moratorium it was decided to await the forthcoming decision of the reparations commission, but plans were perfected regarding the measures to be adopted should the decision of the commission fail to agree with the French viewpoint.

Another decision arrived at was that for the time being the government need not call an extra ordinary session of parliament so that the deputies and senators might be acquainted with the exact situation and the program of the government. Freedom of action was reserved, however, to consult with parliament in the event that the plans adopted should require extensive executive indorsement.

M. Poincaré's plan for an immediate convention of parliament developed opposition of which Mr. Millerand was the leader, and finally was defeated. M. Poincaré announced in London Monday evening, and again on arriving in Paris last night, that he need not call an extraordinary session of the chambers but, after a conversation over the telephone with President Millerand Tuesday night, the premier somewhat shifted his position and at the cabinet council today merely suggested that it was his judgment the chambers should be called into session immediately.

What retaliatory measures will be taken by France should Germany be declared in willful default of her reparation obligations is being kept a close secret.

OLDEST MASON IN U. S. IS DEAD IN VIRGINIA.

Richmond, Aug. 17.—Dr. John Chiles Edwards of Highland Springs, Va., 95 years of age, said to be the oldest Mason in America and the oldest living graduate of the University of Virginia, is critically ill in the home of his daughter, Mrs. Horace McClure, at Highland Springs.

MUSICAL COMEDY.

The Musical Comedy "The Maker of Dreams" will be given in the Opera House, Wednesday night, August 30th. It will be presented by the Abbeville Chapter U. D. C.

FUNERAL NOTICE

The funeral of Mr. John U. Wardlaw will be held at Troy Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock. His friends are invited to attend.

for the office of Comptroller General.

The candidates were invited to address a meeting at the Cotton Mill last night, about 400 voters being unable to attend the meeting in the Opera House, which many of the candidates accepted.

An invitation was also read by Senator Moore asking the candidates to stop by the Lethe School on their way to McCormick and address the young boys and girls at that institution. Lethe is only one mile out of the way, and it is hoped this invitation was accepted.

Messrs. Kohn, McDowell and Bonner were the newspaper men with the candidates. L. B. Simpson, special telegraph operator, also accompanied the party.

SOUTHERN MAKES FIRST COURT MOVE

SIGN TEMPORARY INJUNCTION AT ASHEVILLE—APPLIES TO TERRITORY WITHIN JURISDICTION OF DISTRICT COURT FOR WESTERN N. C.

Asheville, N. C., Aug. 17.—Temporary injunction, members of the various crafts their officers or agents, within the jurisdiction of the United States district court for Western North Carolina, from interfering with the movement of interstate commerce, United States mails or employees of the Southern railway at Spencer or Salisbury, was signed in United States district court here this afternoon. The injunction was signed by Judges James E. Boyd of Greensboro and E. Yates of Shelby.

Similar injunctions railroad attorneys said, had been asked for in every state in which the Southern operates.

The temporary restraining injunction issued this afternoon is declared by attorney to cover action of all of the crafts out on strike at all points on the Southern railway, with specific restraint on individuals at Salisbury and Spencer.

Defendants named in the injunction against shop craft organizations and individuals have been ordered to show cause if any,—on August 26 at 11 o'clock at Greensboro why injunction should not be granted.

K. M. Ellis of Spencer, who was elected president of the North Carolina Federation of Labor Tuesday night is one of the individuals against whom the restraining order is issued, as district representative of the federated shop crafts of the Southern railway.

"Three hundred or more strikers and sympathizers refused to allow special guards to leave the train when they arrived at Salisbury for special duty Tuesday night," the attorneys asserted.

It is reported that several of the guards are missing

Washington, Aug. 17.—Reports received by Attorney General Daugherty are that "serious trouble has occurred in connection with the railway shopmen's strike at Spencer, N. C." strike sympathizers he said tonight had according to his reports, entered the shop, routed workers and had even intimidated railway police. An appeal had been made for marines and troops, the attorney general said he had been informed, adding however, that no federal action was being taken at present, although United States marshals were "on the job."

SMITH SEES HARDING

Continuous Effort to Save Charleston Navy Yard.

Washington, Aug. 17.—Senator Smith of South Carolina again urged President Harding today to interpose in the effort of the assistant secretary of the navy to close the navy yard at Charleston or by indirect means practically to bring about that result.

It is understood that the president while declining to act openly against the assistant secretary of the navy left Senator Smith under the impression that nothing of a final character would be done before the return of Secretary Denby.

Senator Smith has not abandoned hope that the navy yard, after all, will be preserved.

COTTON MARKET.

The highest price for cotton offered on the local market today was 22 1-3 cents. Futures closed:

Oct.	21.66
Dec.	21.63
Jan.	21.47
March	21.48